

GenoMetric Query Language (GMQL) Quick Start

Genomic Computing Group

Dipartimento di Elettronica, Informazione e Bioingegneria
Politecnico di Milano

September 21, 2015

1 GMQL Working Modes

GMQL has two working modes that differ in processing capabilities.

1. **MAPREDUCE mode**

The power of GMQL is its ability to run complex, big data queries on huge input datasets in a cluster of machines. In the **MAPREDUCE** mode, GMQL uses the cloud computing Hadoop Mapreduce engine for processing and the Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) to distribute and maintain the data in a cluster. To run it, an Hadoop installation is required.

2. **LOCAL mode**

In the **LOCAL** mode the GMQL toolkit uses only the resources (RAM, CPU and storage) available on the computer that runs GMQL; it works on the local file system (LFS) for all file operations, without duplicating or distributing any sample data file. The **LOCAL** mode allows easy installation and testing of the toolkit, but it has limited performance, sufficient just for processing a limited data size.

2 Dependencies

JAVA JDK 7.

- You can download JDK 7 from:
`http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/downloads/`
- Untar the java package into a specific folder, for example:
`/home/user1/java7/`
- Then, add the following lines to the path:
`export JAVA_HOME=/home/user1/Java7/jdk1.7.0_25/`
`export PATH=/home/user1/Java7/jdk1.7.0_25/bin:$PATH`

Racket v5.3 or later.

- You can download Racket from:
`http://mirror.racket-lang.org/installers/5.3/racket/racket-5.3-bin-x86_64-linux-debian-squeeze.sh`
- Then, add the following lines to the path:
`export RACKET_HOME=/racket/folder`
`export PATH=$PATH:$RACKET_HOME/bin/`

Hadoop (required only for MAPREDUCE mode).

- For Hadoop V 1.x see for example:
`http://hadoop.apache.org/docs/r1.2.1/single_node_setup.html`
- For Hadoop V 2.x (Yarn) see for example:
`http://hadoop.apache.org/docs/stable/`

3 Setting the Environment Variables - LOCAL mode

To use the default values for the environment variables, append the content of the file `GMQLPackage/conf/GMQL-env.sh`, located in the `conf/` folder, to the `~/.bashrc` or `~/.bash_profile` file, located in the home folder of each user who will use GMQL. Do not run `conf/`.¹

To change the default values of the environment variables:

- Set the directory path for java JDK (the default is: `/usr/lib/jvm/java-7-oracle/`):
`export JAVA_HOME=/home/user1/Java7/jdk1.7.0_25/`
- Set the GMQL home, i.e. the location where all the local data of the GMQL repository, as well as the control and configuration data, are located (the default is: `/home/yourUserName/gmql_repository`):

¹Before running the installation, make sure to set the configurations in both `GMQL-env.sh` and `.bashrc` and not one of them

```
export GMQL_HOME=~ /gmql_repository
```

- Set the environment variables for the Apache Pig installation, where Apache Pig V0.15.0 is automatically installed (the default is: `/userHomeFolder/pig`):

```
export PIG_HOME=~ /pig
```

To learn more about Pig environment variables, see the guide at:
<http://pig.apache.org/docs/r0.15.0/start.html>.

- Set the execution mode (the default is: LOCAL):

```
export GMQL_EXEC=LOCAL
```

4 Setting the Environment Variables - MAPREDUCE mode

- Besides setting the execution mode to MAPREDUCE (i.e. `export GMQL_EXEC=MAPREDUCE`), set the following environment variables ²

```
export HADOOP_HOME=/usr/local/hadoop
export HADOOP_COMMON_HOME=$HADOOP_HOME
export HADOOP_CONF_DIR=$HADOOP_HOME/conf 3
export HADOOP_CLASSPATH=$GMQL_HOME/utils/lib/*:$HADOOP_CLASSPATH 4
```

- Set the GMQL home on the HDFS, where storing the sample data (the default is: `/user/`; note that here we mean exactly "user", not the user name):

```
export GMQL_DFS_HOME=/user/
```

- Add the variables to the system path:

```
export PATH=$PATH:$JAVA_HOME/bin:$
HADOOP_HOME/bin:$PIG_HOME/bin:$GMQL_HOME/bin
```

- Finally, Open the file `GMQLPackage/GMQL/gmqlc/configurations.rkt`, change the value in line 16 `hdfs://localhost:9000/` to be equal to Hadoop configuration variable `fs.defaultFS` value in `core-site.xml`

² This environment variables should be set for all the users of the system.

³ Make sure to set the configurations directory.

⁴ Class not found exception might be raised in case of not setting HADOOP CLASSPATH properly.

5 Installing GMQL

1. Go to the folder `.../GMQLPackage/`
2. Run the installer, i.e. `./install.sh` and follow the instructions on the screen to install GMQL.
3. Run the following command to register your user to the GMQL repository:

```
repositoryManagerV1 RegisterUser
```

In case of multi-users of the GMQL system, each user must run this command from his/her environment.

The output of this command should look like:

```
INFO: Local Folders Creation ...
INFO: Folder, /home/gql_repository/data/username/indexes/ true
INFO: Folder, /home/gql_repository/data/username/datasets/ true
INFO: Folder, /home/gql_repository/data/username/metadata/ true
INFO: Folder, /home/gql_repository/data/username/schema/ true
INFO: Folder, /home/gql_repository/data/username/results/ true
INFO: Folder, /home/gql_repository/data/username/queries/ true
INFO: Folders are created
```